

ETO DICTIONARY

WORDS	DEFINITION	SUGGESTIVE IMAGE
Air Pollution	The contamination of the air with harmful substances.	
Biodiversity	The variety of life in a particular habitat or ecosystem.	
Carbon Footprint	The total amount of greenhouse gases generated by our actions.	
Circular economy	An economic system aimed at minimizing waste and making the most of resources by reusing, repairing, and recycling materials in a closed-loop.	
Climate Change	A long-term shift in global or regional climate patterns, often attributed to increased levels of atmospheric carbon dioxide.	
Composting	The natural process of decomposition of organic matter into a nutrient-rich soil.	



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Conservation

The protection and management of natural resources.



Deforestation

The clearing of forests for other uses.



Eco light bulbs

Energy-efficient light bulbs that consume less electricity and have a longer lifespan compared to traditional incandescent bulbs.



Eco packaging

Packaging made from sustainable, recyclable, or biodegradable materials designed to reduce environmental impact.

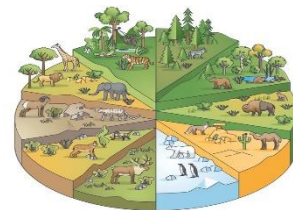


Ecology

The study of the relationships between living organisms and their environment.

Ecosystem

A community of living organisms interacting with their physical environment.










Environment

The surroundings of a living organism or group of organisms, including physical, chemical, and biotic factors.



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<p>Environmental Impact Assessment</p>	<p>A process of evaluating the likely environmental impacts of a proposed project or development.</p>	
<p>Environmental</p>	<p>Relating to the environment, or concerned with the protection of the natural world.</p>	
<p>Environmentalist</p>	<p>A person who is concerned with and actively works to protect the environment.</p>	
<p>Food waste</p>	<p>Edible food that is discarded, lost, or uneaten at any stage of production, distribution, or consumption.</p>	
<p>Fossil fuels</p>	<p>Natural energy sources such as coal, oil, and natural gas formed from the remains of ancient organisms, used for electricity, heating, and transportation.</p>	
<p>Green ICT</p>	<p>The practice of designing, using, and disposing of information and communication technologies in ways that reduce their environmental impact.</p>	
<p>Green website</p>	<p>A website designed and hosted to minimize energy consumption and environmental impact, often using efficient coding and renewable energy-powered servers.</p>	



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Green business plan

A detailed strategy outlining how a company will operate sustainably by reducing environmental impact, using eco-friendly practices and promoting green products or services to achieve both profit and environmental goals.



Greenhouse Gases

Gases in the atmosphere that trap heat and contribute to climate change.



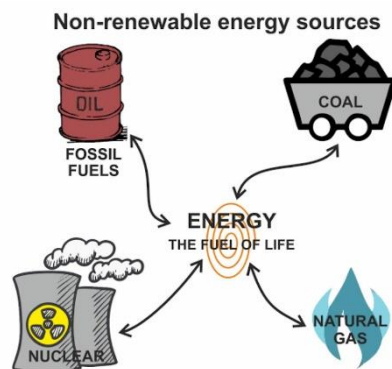
Habitat Loss

The destruction or degradation of natural habitats.



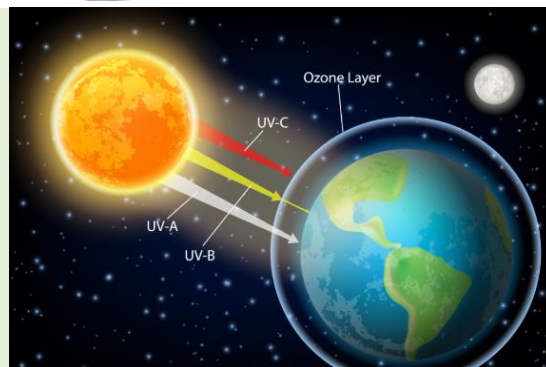
Non-renewable Energy

Energy derived from sources that are not naturally replenished, such as fossil fuels.



Ozone Layer

A layer in the Earth's stratosphere that absorbs most of the Sun's ultraviolet (UV) radiation.



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Paper bank

A designated collection point or facility where used paper is gathered for recycling, helping to reduce waste and conserve natural resources.



Pollution

The contamination of the environment with harmful substances.



Recycling

The process of converting waste materials into new materials and objects.



Refashion

To remake or alter old clothes or materials into new, usable items, giving them a new style or purpose to reduce waste.



Renewable Energy

Energy derived from sources that are naturally replenished, such as solar, wind, and geothermal.



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RRR-reduce -reuse, recycle

A set of three key actions to minimize waste – reducing the amount of materials used, reusing items whenever possible, and recycling materials to create new products.



Selective waste disposal

The practice of sorting and separating different types of waste (like plastics, paper, glass) to ensure proper recycling or disposal and reduce environmental harm.



Sustainable Development

Development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.



Waste Management

The collection, transportation, and disposal of waste materials.



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Water Pollution

The contamination of water bodies with harmful substances.



Zero waste

A philosophy and practice aimed at eliminating all waste by redesigning resources life cycles so that all products are reused, recycled, or composted instead of being sent to landfills or incinerators.



OUR GREEN HERITAGE AWARENESS

